



# Gnip

*(guh-nip)*

Grand Central Station for the Social Web

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# Making data portability suck less.

## Polling for updates:

- Problem

- Web 2.0 environment is mostly Pull data delivery
- Ping blizzards tax server resources
- waste of bandwidth

- Solution

- Publish/Subscribe data delivery
- Producers push data to Gnip who then pushes to Consumers
- In realtime

# Making data portability suck less. -cont

## Protocol mismatch:

- Problem
  - Web app only understands protocol X, you want to talk in protocol Y
- Solution
  - Gnip sits in the middle and translates back and forth

## Standardized Metadata:

- Problem
  - Different services label similar data differently
  - Hard to figure out what is being said
- Solution
  - Create meta data standard and make available with original

# Making data portability suck less. -cont

## Identity discovery:

- Problem

- Hard for services and users to tie multiple accounts together from around the web.

- Solution

- Gnip can use usernames and emails to check where else those identifiers are being used.

# Current Gnip API v2.0 (rev2)

Provides two major components:

- change notifications for activities (events)
- full content associated with those events
- i.e. : new blog post, a user digg, twitter notice

Primary roles of API users:

- Publisher - push data into activity streams
- Subscriber - consumes data from a Publishers activity stream
- (everyone needs an account to do anything, of course)

# Current Gnip API v2.0 (rev2) - cont

## Activity Streams (two types):

- Public Timelines
- Filters

## Public Timelines

- stream of all activities from a given Publisher
- change notifications only, no full data
- not supported by all Publishers
- can only be polled (HTTP GET)

# Current Gnip API v2.0 (rev2) - cont

## Filter

- custom stream containing all activities that meet Subscriber defined criteria (ie. User X's friends)
- option to contain full data
- only Subscriber who created Filter can use it
- can be polled (HTTP GET)
- can be pushed (HTTP POST) to Subscriber who gives URL endpoint during Filter creation

# Some Examples: Get Activity

Retrieve recent Activities for a given Publisher :

====>

```
GET /publishers/digg/notification/current.  
xml  
Accept: application/xml
```



# Some Example: Get Activity

<---

200 OK

Content-Type: application/xml

<activities publisher="digg">

<activity source="web" regarding="http://services.digg.com/story/8571625" to="" url="http://services.digg.com/story/8538612/comment/18959806" action="comment" actor="cryosteel" at="2008-09-19T16:20:22.000-04:00"></activity>

<activities>

# Some Example: Create Filter

Create a Filter and have its Activity POSTed to specified URL:

```
===>
POST /publishers/digg/filters.xml
Accept: application/xml
Content-Type: application/xml

<filter name="example" fullData="true">
<postURL>http://mysite.example/inbound-activity-handler.cgi</postURL>
<rule type="actor" value="joe"/>
<rule type="actor" value="jane"/>
</filter><---
200 OK
Content-Type: application/xml

<result>Success</result>
```

# Some Example: Filter Push Delivery

## Example HTTP POST Exchange:===>

```
POST http://mysite.example/inbound-activity-handler.cgi
Content-Type: application/xml
```

```
<activities publisher="digg">
<activity source="web" regarding="http://services.digg.com/story/8571625"..
<payload>
<body>So in summary, we have two choices. Allow routine catastrophic...
<raw>gzip'd, base64'd original activity meta-data</raw>
</payload>
</activity>
</activities>
<---
200 OK
```

# Reference

- Main site: <http://www.gnipcentral.com>
- API Documentation: [http://docs.google.com/View?docid=dgkhvp8s\\_5svzn35fw](http://docs.google.com/View?docid=dgkhvp8s_5svzn35fw)