

Historical Background: 30 years

- First Software Engineering Conference
 - NATO-sponsored conference in 1968
- "Software Crisis"
 - Systems were designed by identifying the hardware first
 - Software was allocated about 1-2% of the budget
 - However, software was causing all the problems (!) and thus needed more attention

Progression of SE

Today's Lecture

- An evolution of the programming activity
 - Early stages of computing
 - User/Developer were the same person
 - Problems were well-understood
 - First programs calculated metrics about artillery shells for the Navy!
 - High level languages began to appear in the 1950s
 - Along with the profession of "programmer"

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SE Progression, continued	The problem?
 1960's Large Software Systems for Commercial Ventures Teams of Programmers Separate end-users Complex Problems "Software Crisis" coined, as problems became apparent 	 Software is typically late over budget faulty costly to maintain difficult to evolve etc.
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 Consider the following: Loss of NASA's Mars Climate Observer due to conversion error of English and Metric units! even worse: problem was known but politics between JPL and Houston prevented fix from being deployed Leap-year bug A supermarket was fined \$1000 for having meat around 1 day too long on Feb. 29, 1988 Denver International Airport Luggage system: 16 months late, 3.2 billion dollars over budget! 	 SE Progression, continued 1968 Software Engineering formed Many "solutions" put forward New approaches to Project Management New Team Organizations Better Languages and Tools Organizational Standards And here we are 35 years later! :-)
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Multiple Definitions of SE	Software Engineering	
 There are many ways to define software engineering We shall look at a few to try to gain a feel for an overall definition These definitions come from textbooks, prominent software engineers, etc. 	 Software Computer programs and their related artifacts e.g. requirements documents, design documents, test cases, specifications, protocol documents, UI guidelines, usability tests, Engineering The application of scientific principles in the context of practical constraints 	
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 What is Engineering? Engineering is a sequence of well-defined, precisely-stated, sound steps, which follows method or apply a tachnique based or approximated or apply a tachnique based or approximated or approximated or apply a tachnique based or approximated or	 Software Engineering (Daniel M. Berry) Software engineering is that form of engineering that applies: 	

- which follow a method or apply a technique based on some combination of
- theoretical results derived from a formal model
- empirical adjustments for unmodeled phenomenon
- rules of thumb based on experience
- This definition is independent of purpose...
 - i.e. engineering can be applied to many disciplines

- a systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approach,
- the principles of computer science, design, engineering, management, mathematics, psychology, sociology, and other disciplines,
- to creating, developing, operating, and maintaining cost-effective, reliably correct, high-quality solutions to software problems.

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Software Qualities	Software Engineering Principles
 Correctness Reliability Robustness Performance User Friendliness Verifiability Timeliness Maintainability Visibility 	 Rigor and Formality Separation of Concerns Modularity Abstraction Anticipation of Change Generality Incrementality
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 SE Research Topics (just a subset) Software Architecture Design Patterns for Large Systems Web Services Semantics of Component Frameworks Life Cycles Understanding the pros/cons of XP Requirements Traceability techniques for managing artifact relationships 	 SE "Hot Topics" Open Source and Agile Design Methods Refactoring and Design Patterns especially "refactoring browsers/editors" Automated Testing and Test Driven Development See for instance JUnit/HttpUnit Software Architecture In particular "architecture patterns"
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